

The Renewables

IB PHYSICS | ENERGY PRODUCTION

Renewable vs. Non Renewable

Highlight the primary energy sources that are considered **renewable**



Petroleum



Geothermal



Coal



Hydropower



Uranium



Solar



Natural Gas



Wind



Propane

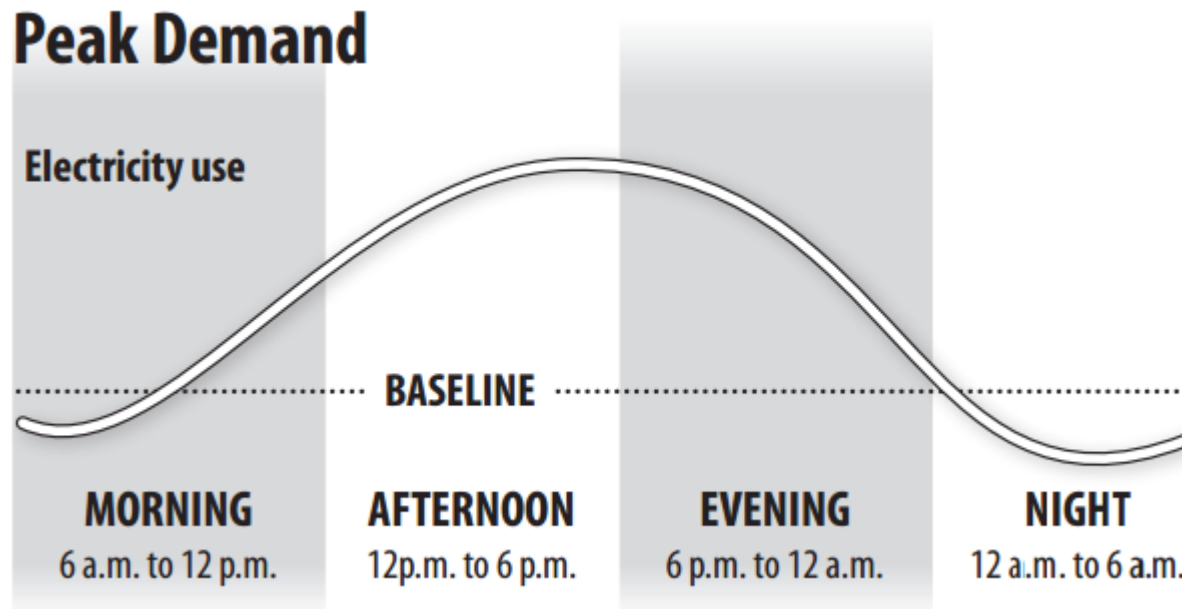


Biomass

*Note: this doesn't mean that it cannot ever be replaced, just that it won't happen in any sort of useful time frame...

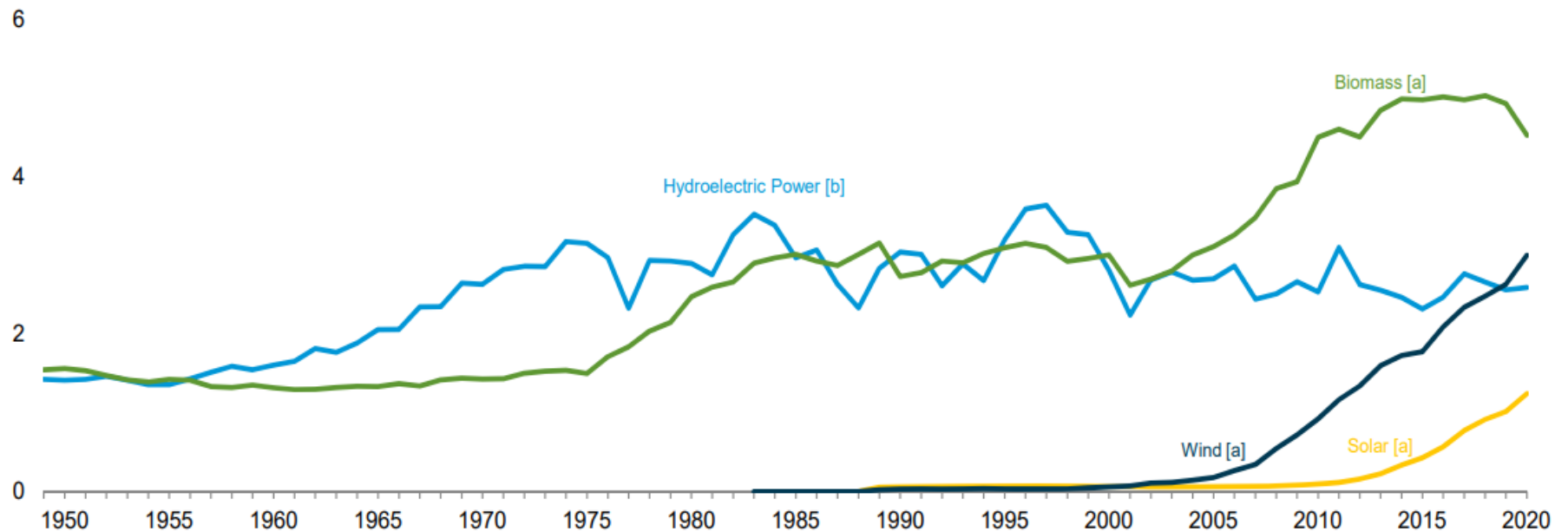
Energy Load Requirements

Energy needs to be available when electricity is most needed but should also be available other times as well.



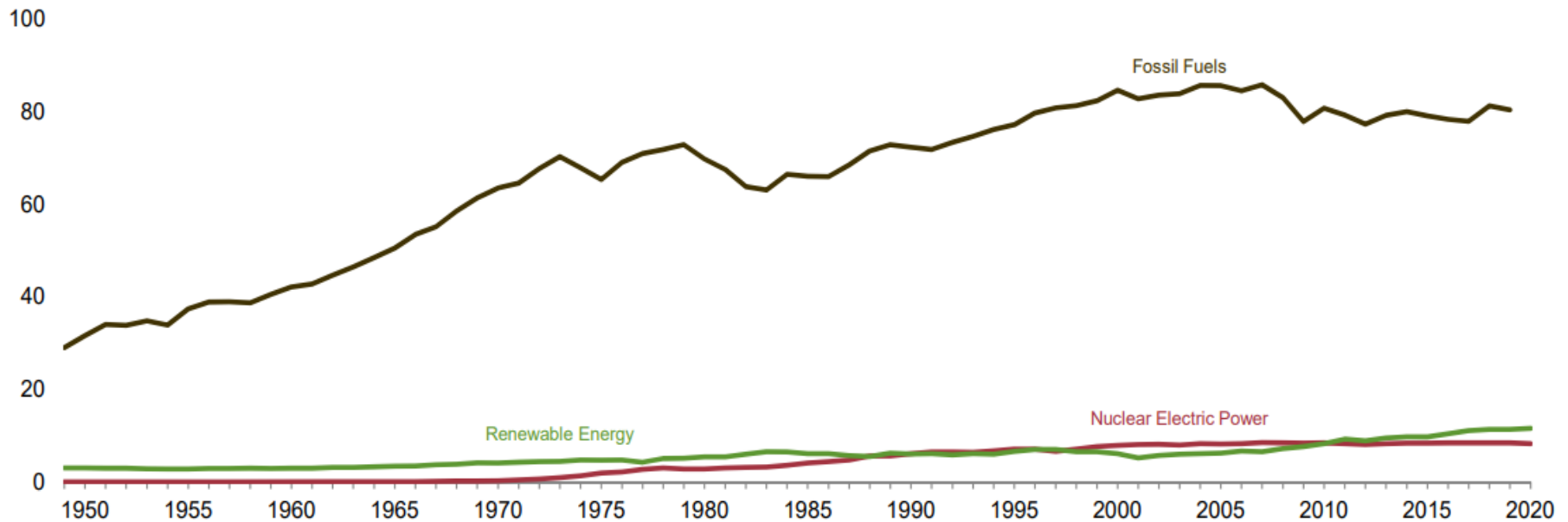
Renewable Energy in the US

Major Sources, 1949–2020

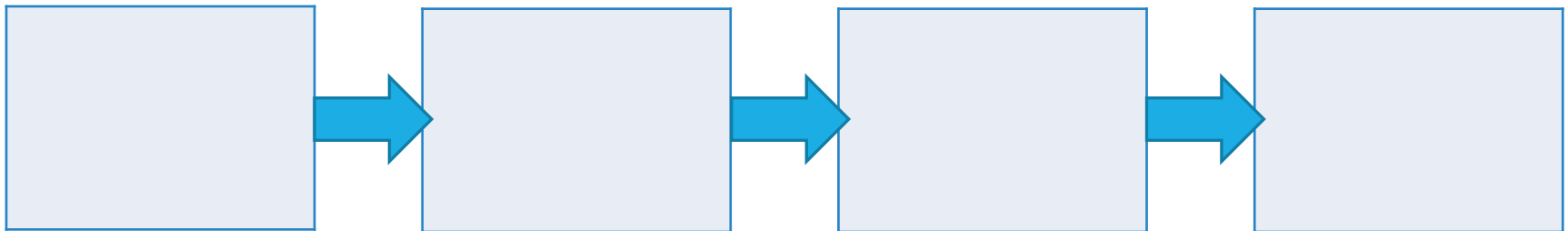
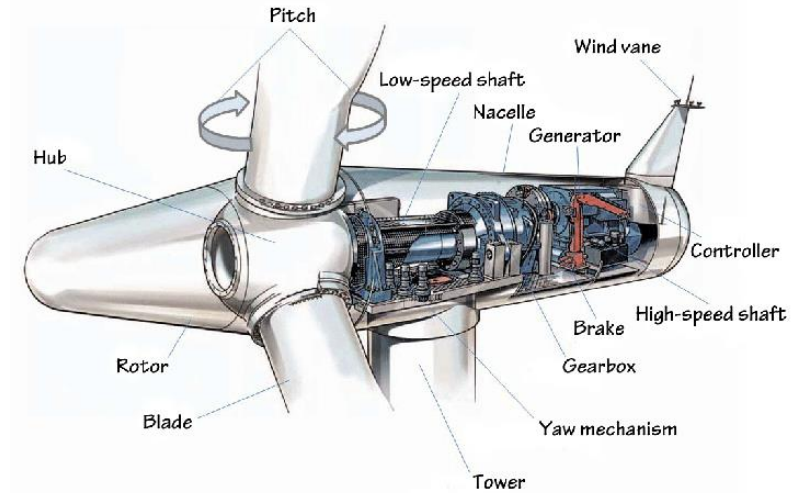
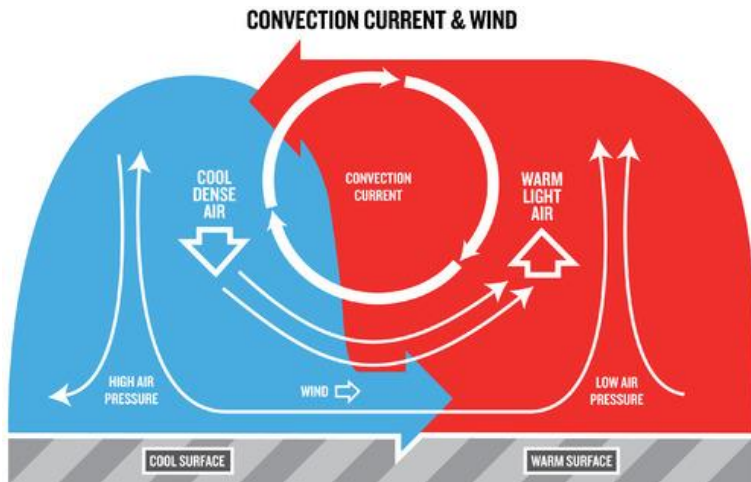


Renewable Energy in the US

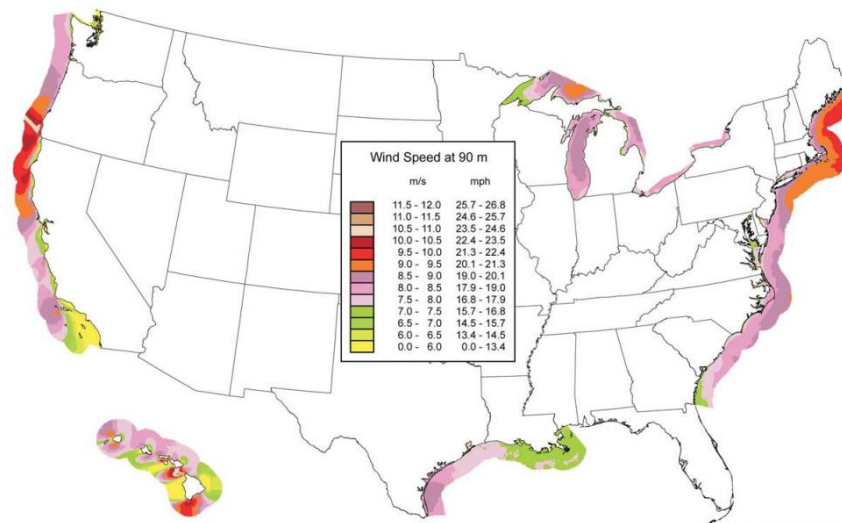
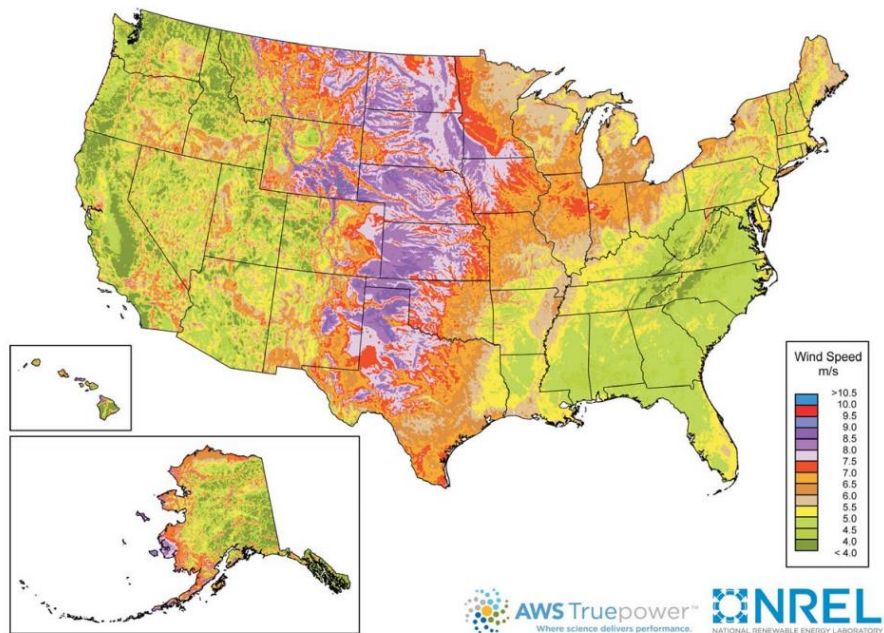
Compared With Other Resources, 1949–2020



Wind Power



Wind Speeds



NIMBY

ARGUMENTS AGAINST-

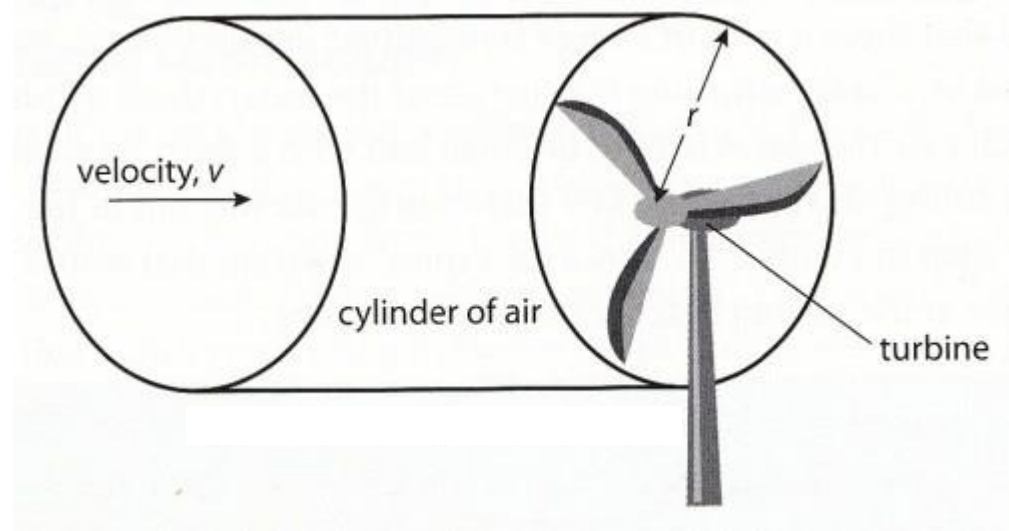


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Calculating the Wind's Energy

$$E_K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$



IB Physics Data Booklet

$$Power = \frac{1}{2} A \rho v^3$$

Sub-topic 8.1 – Energy sources	Sub-topic 8.2 – Thermal energy transfer
$Power = \frac{\text{energy}}{\text{time}}$ $Power = \frac{1}{2} A \rho v^3$	$P = e \sigma A T^4$ $\lambda_{\text{max}}(\text{metres}) = \frac{2.90 \times 10^{-3}}{T(\text{kelvin})}$ $I = \frac{\text{power}}{A}$ $\text{albedo} = \frac{\text{total scattered power}}{\text{total incident power}}$

Conceptual Meaning of Equation

$$Power = \frac{1}{2} A \rho v^3$$

If the wind speed is doubled, then the power is multiplied by a factor of

If the wind speed is tripled, then the power is multiplied by a factor of

Try This...

$$Power = \frac{1}{2} A \rho v^3$$

Given a turbine having a blade length of 12 m, and a wind speed of 15 ms^{-1} find the power output if the density of air is $\rho = 1.2 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$.

What is the actual power output if the efficiency is 45%?

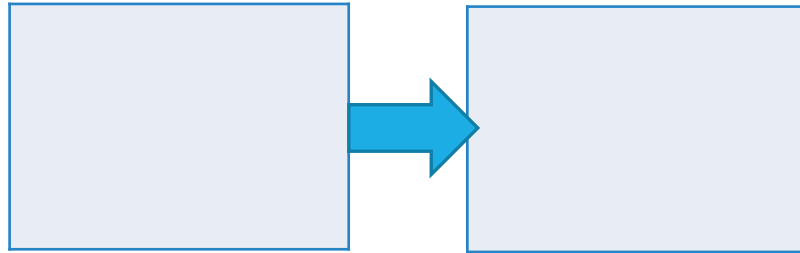
Try This...

$$Power = \frac{1}{2} A \rho v^3$$

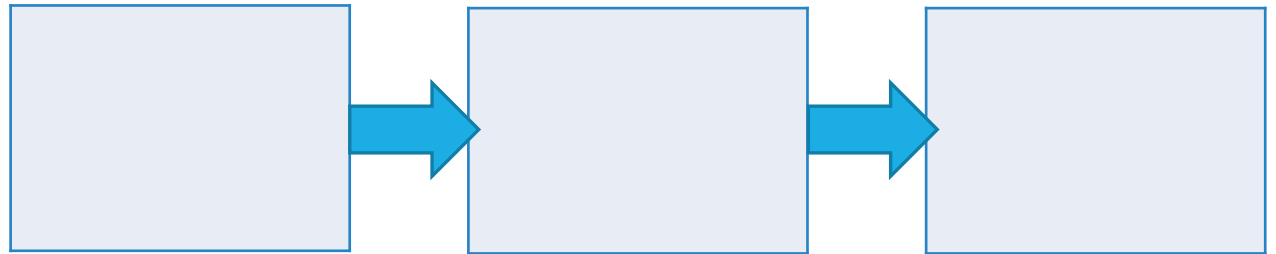
Air of constant density 1.2 kg m^{-3} is incident at a speed of 9.0 m s^{-1} on the blades of a wind turbine. The turbine blades are each of length 7.5 m . The air passes through the turbine without any change of direction. Immediately after passing through the blades, the speed of the air is 5.0 m s^{-1} . The density of air immediately after passing through the blades is 2.2 kg m^{-3} .

Solar Power

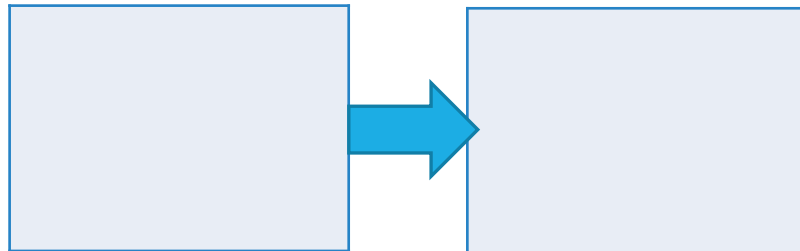
Photovoltaic Cells



Solar Concentrator



Solar Heating Panel



Efficiency of PV Cells

Photovoltaic Cells



Solar Power



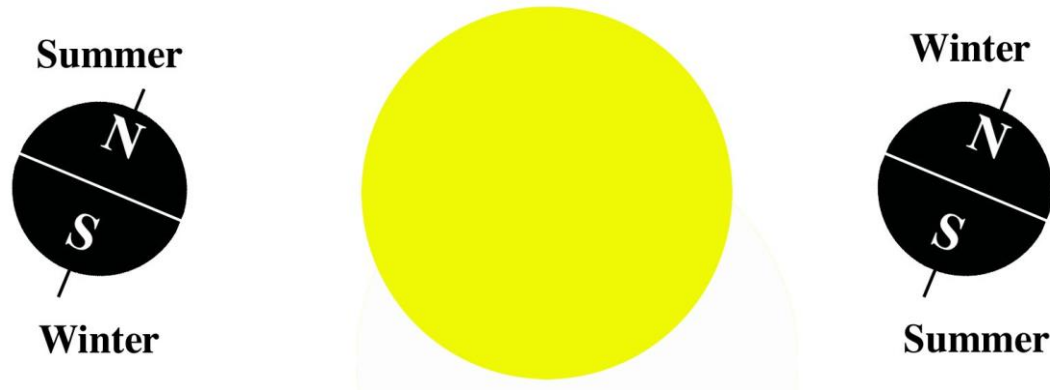
What Would It Take To Power The United States With Solar Energy?

Solar Power Intensity



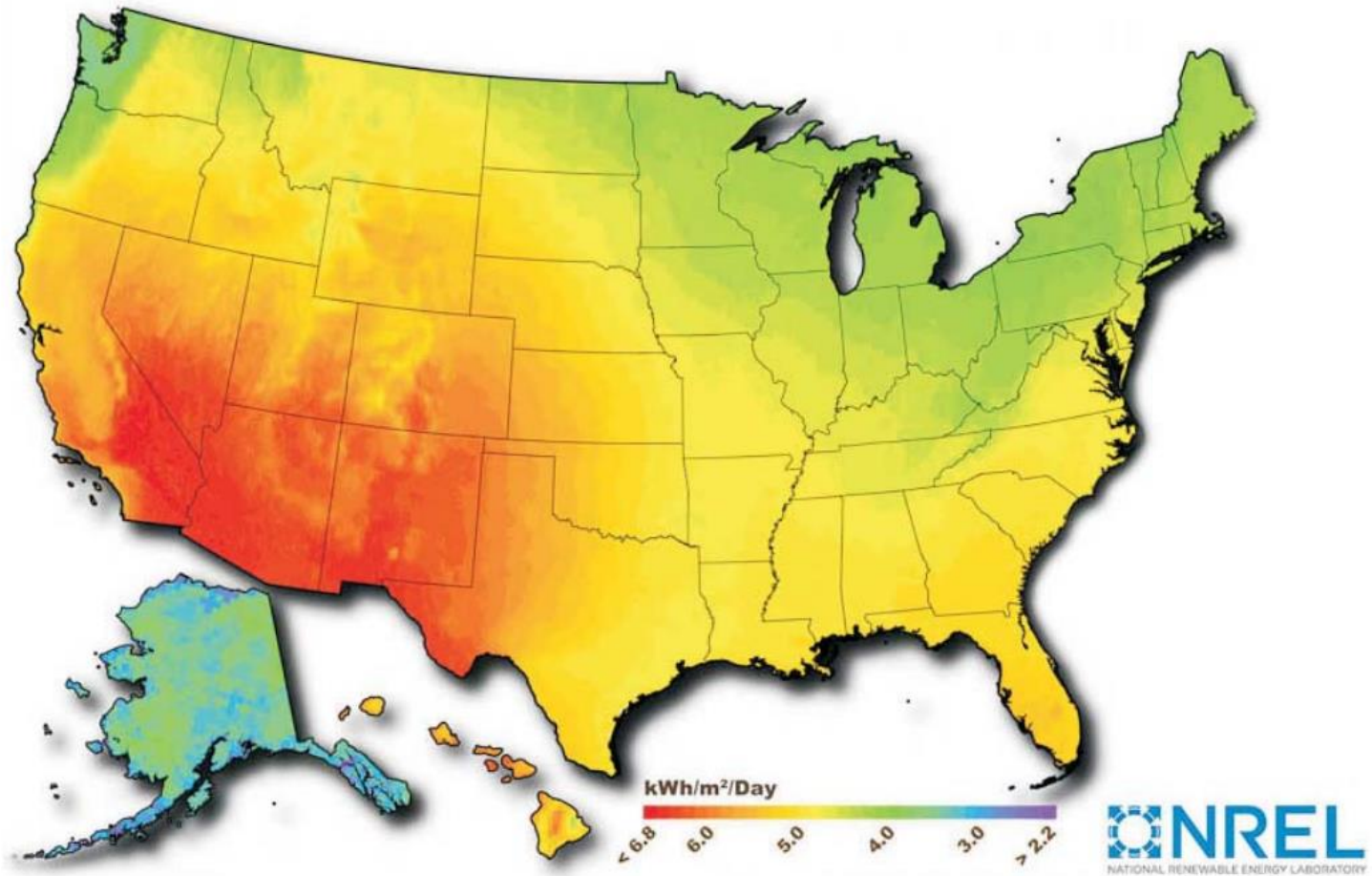
Solar intensity depends
on the latitude

This also affects the seasons



27. The annual variations of solar power incident per unit area at a particular point on the Earth's surface is mainly due to the change in the
- A. distance between the Earth and the Sun.
 - B. angle at which the solar rays hit the surface of the Earth.
 - C. average albedo of the Earth.
 - D. average cloud cover of the Earth.

Solar Map

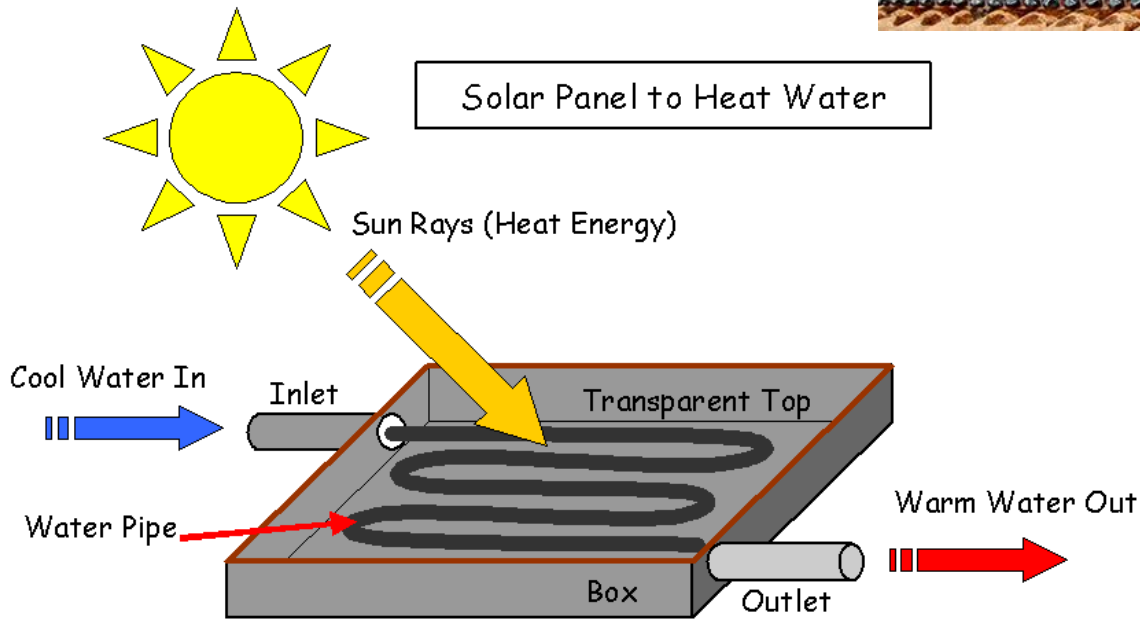


Calculating Solar Power

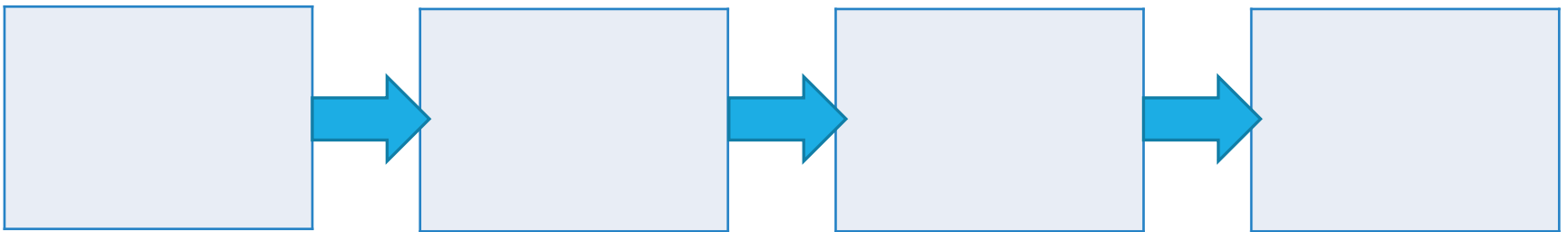
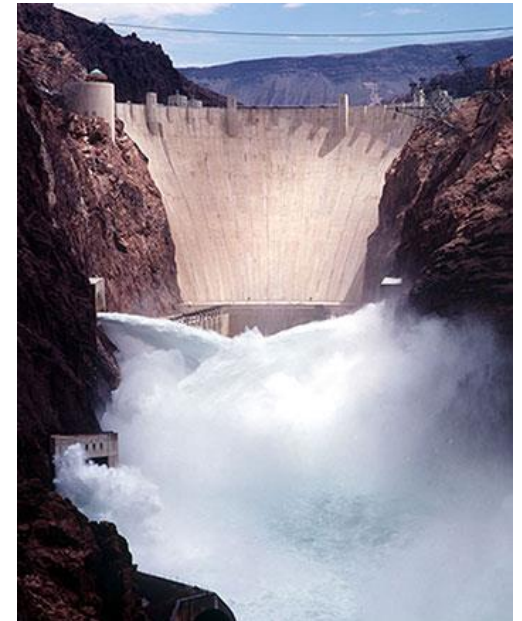
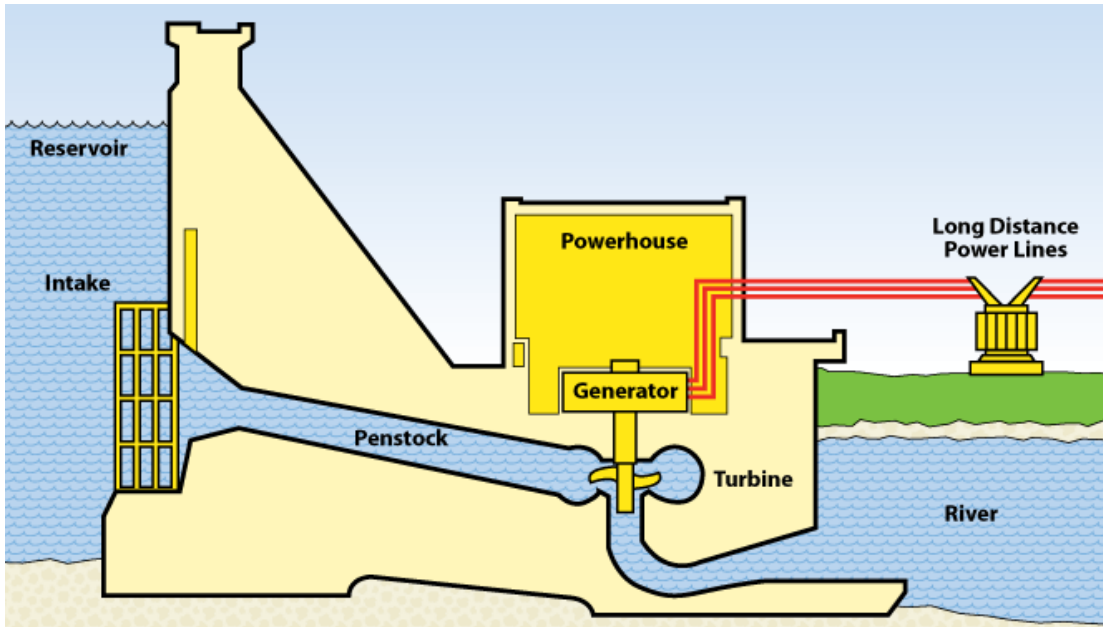
A photovoltaic cell has an area of 1.00 cm^2 and an efficiency of 10.5% . If the cell is placed in a position where the sun's intensity is 1250 W m^{-2} , what is the power output of the cell?



Solar Heating Panel

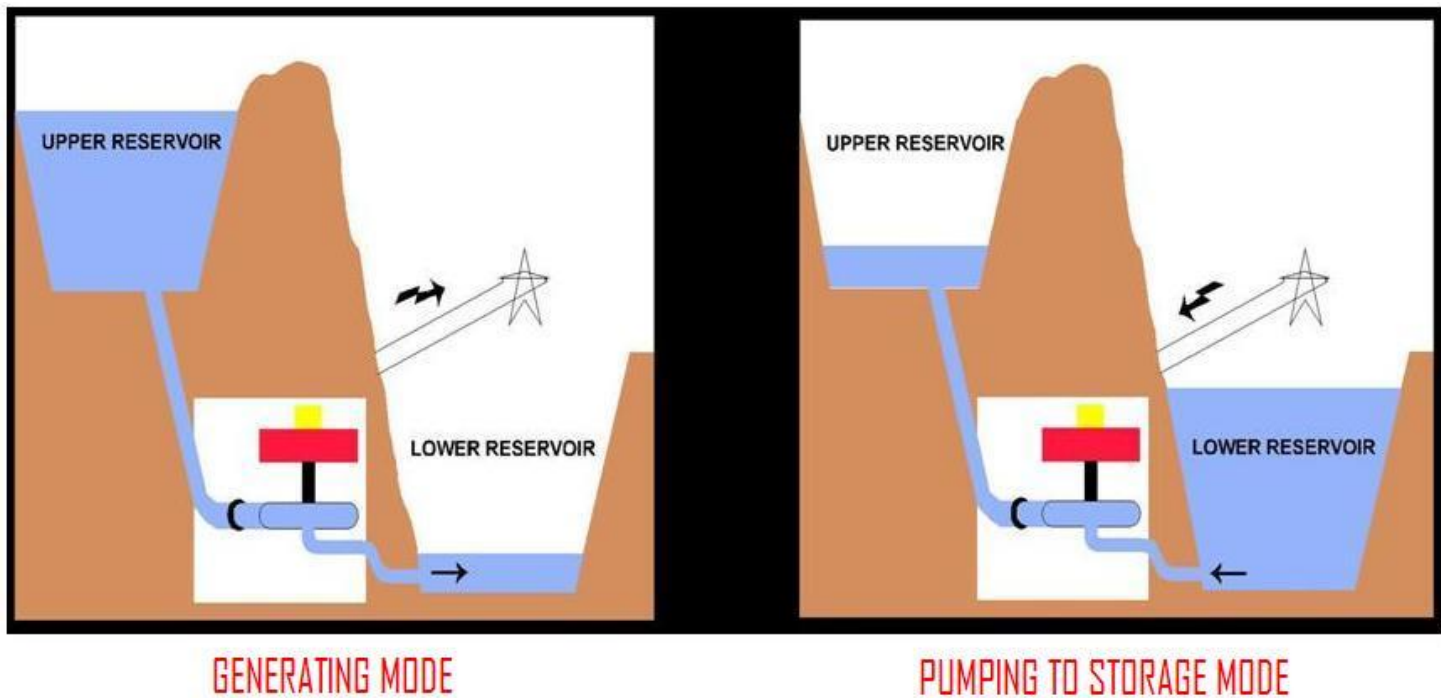


Hydropower



Storing Energy in Hydropower

If there is excess electricity, this energy can be stored by pumping water back up to the reservoir



pumped hydro operating principals

Issues of the Renewables