

# Magnetism & Right Hand Rule

---

IB PHYSICS | FORCE FIELDS

# Rules of Interaction

N

S

N

S

N

S

S

N

S

N

N

S

# Cutting Magnets in Half

Poles cannot be isolated – a magnet cannot be broken to get a separate north and south pole. Instead, it creates two magnets, each with a north and south pole



# Magnetic Domains



**Domains Before  
Magnetization**

In order for a material with domains to become magnetic, the domains have to be aligned by an external magnetic field.



**Domains After  
Magnetization**

If enough of a materials domains become aligned, the material forms a magnetic dipole and becomes a permanent magnet

# Magnetic Fields

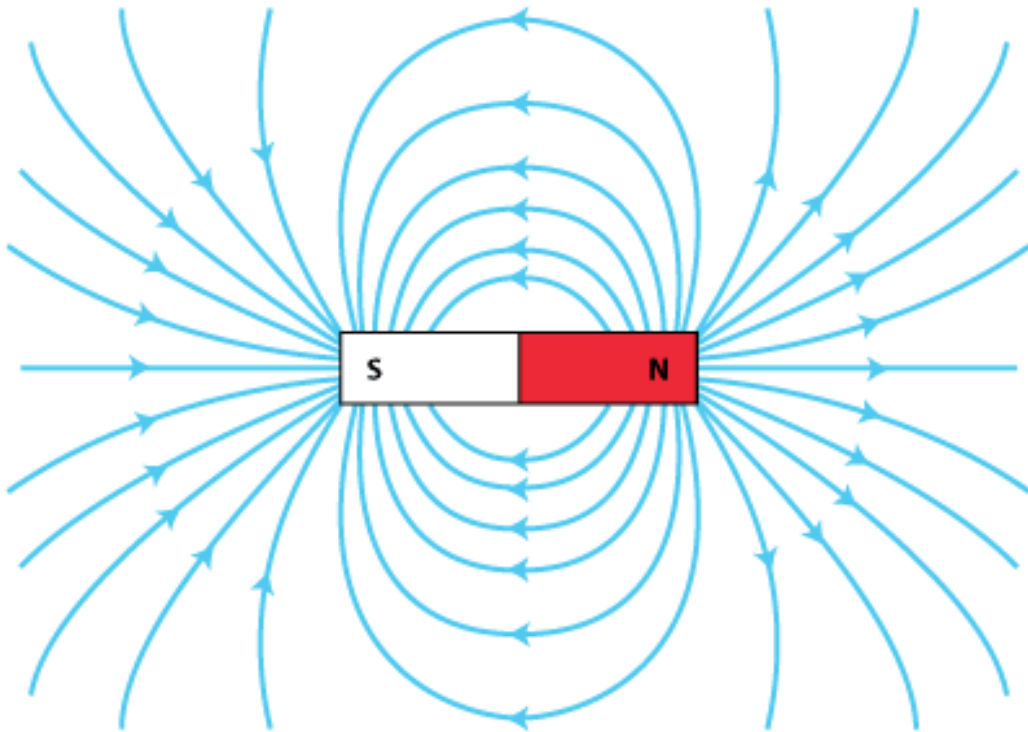
Magnetic field lines point from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_



A compass would align with these field lines

# B-Field

$\mathbf{B} \rightarrow$



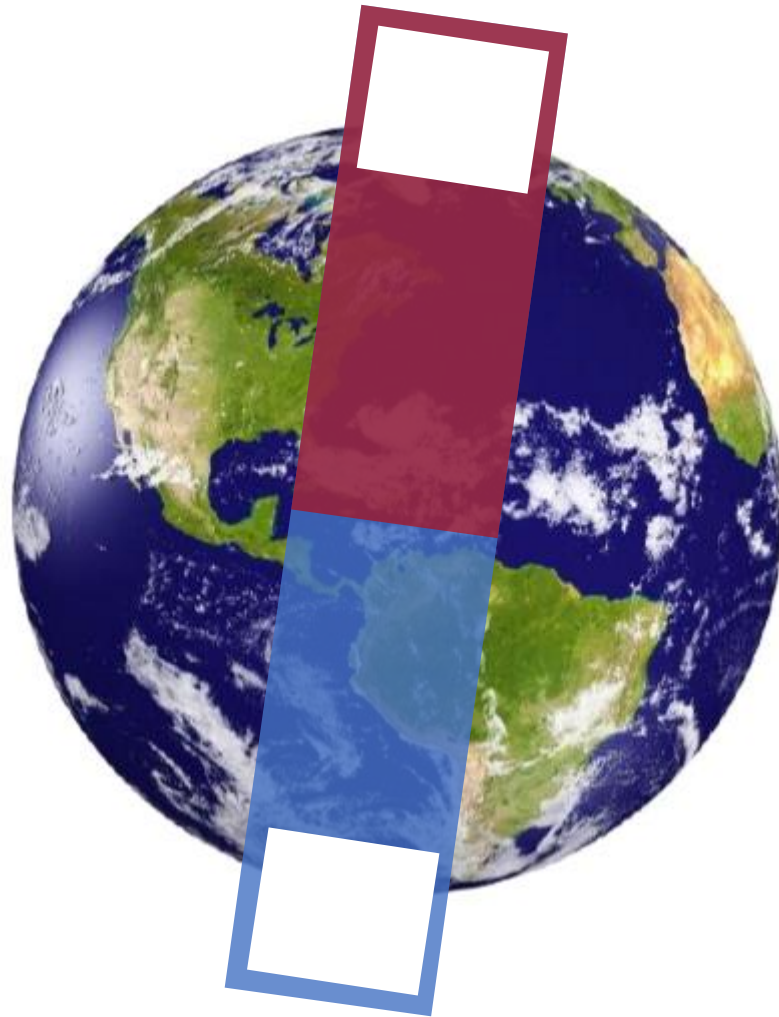
| Units |
|-------|
|       |

# Magnetic Fields

A horseshoe magnet is just a bent bar magnet. The rules for magnetic fields still apply.

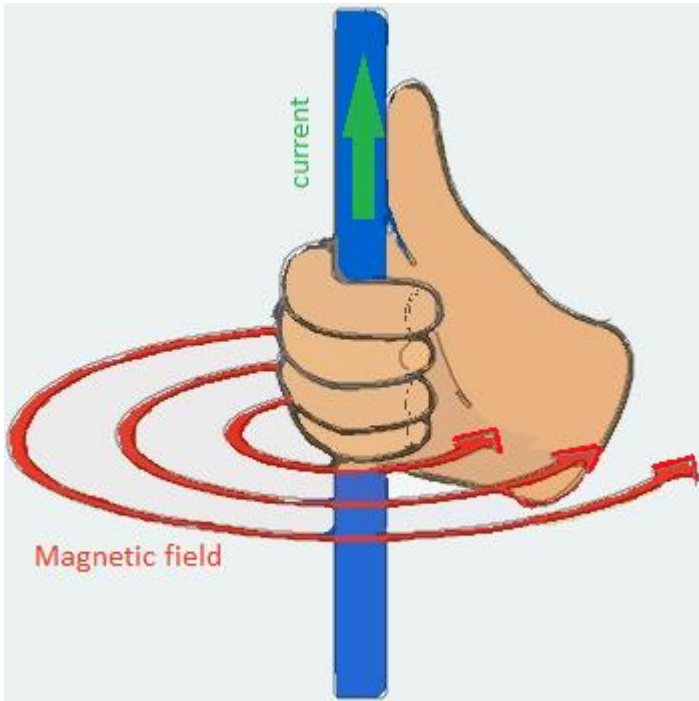


# The Earth is a Magnet





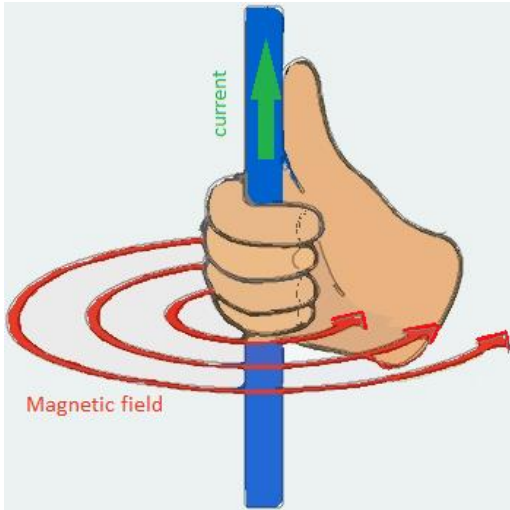
# Right Hand Rule #1



If you make a “thumbs up” sign and point your thumb down a wire in the direction of the current, your other four fingers will point in the direction of the magnetic field.

**Thumb** points in direction of the **current**  
**Fingers** point in direction of the **field lines**

# Drawing in 3D



It can be hard to translate a 3<sup>rd</sup> dimension into a 2-dimensional diagram so there are some conventions to help us out



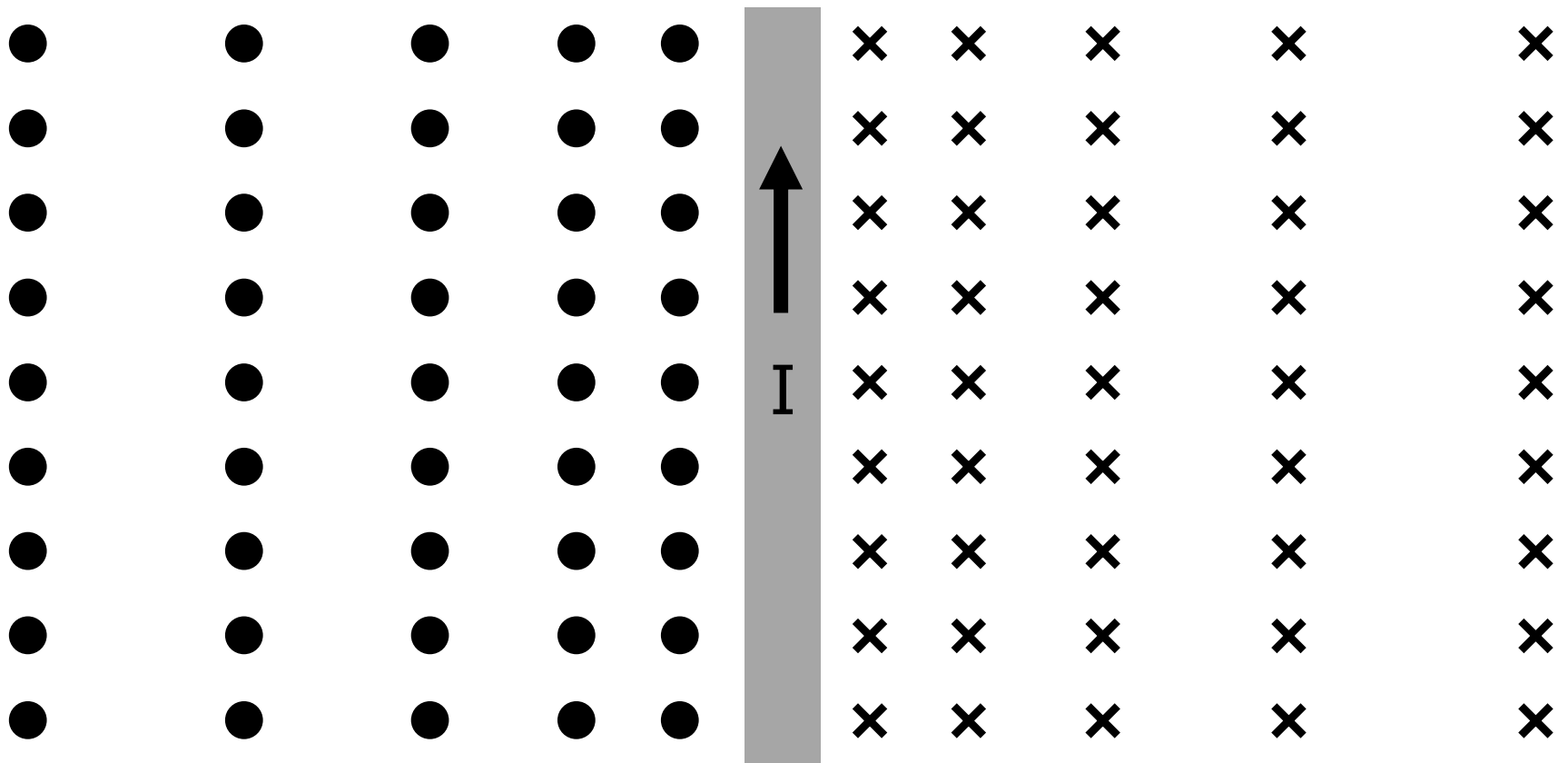
How do you represent a direction that's perpendicular to the paper?

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| Into the paper |  |
|----------------|--|

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Out of the paper |  |
|------------------|--|

# Drawing in 3D

Where is Magnetic Flux Density the highest?



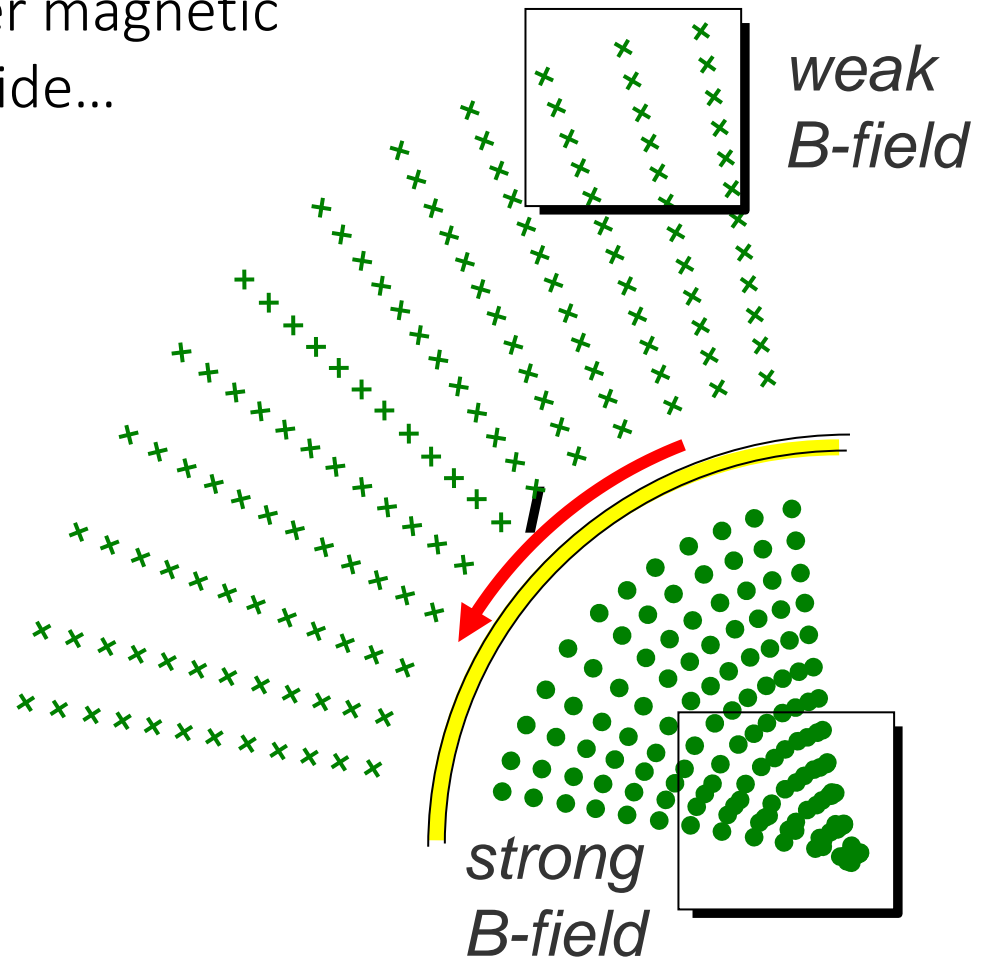
# Right Hand Rule #1

Draw in the magnetic field lines around these current carrying wires

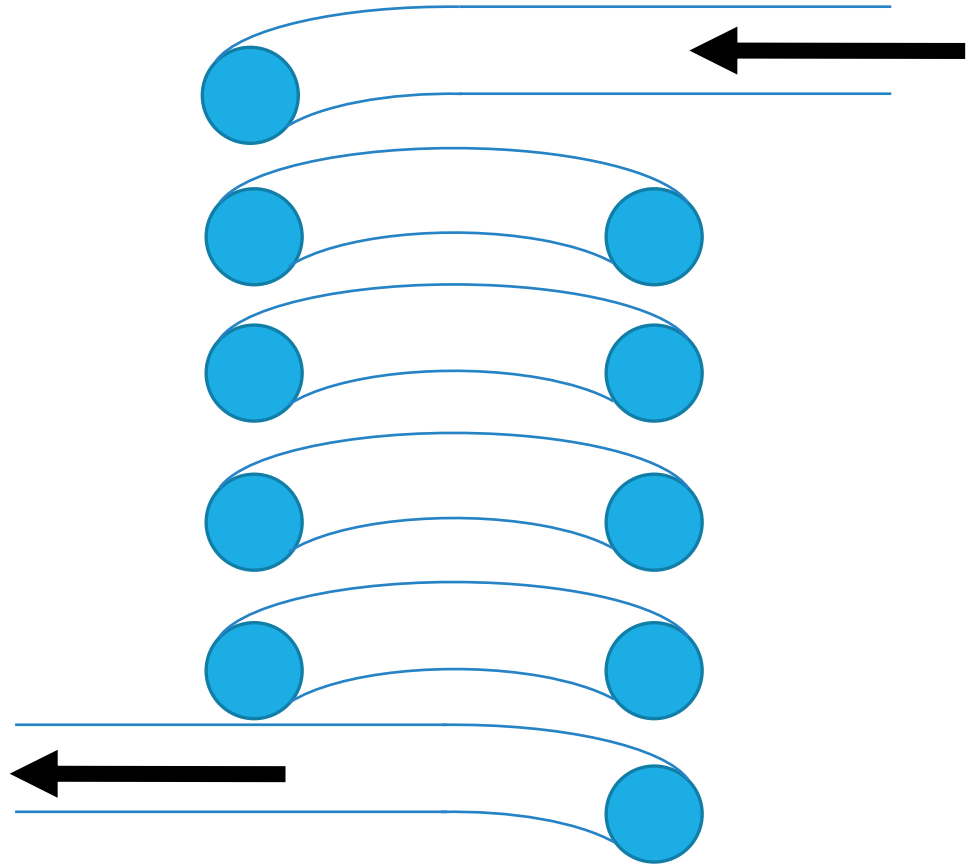
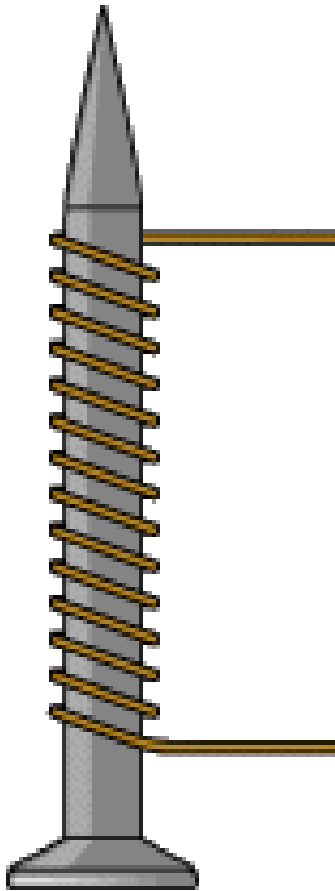


# Looped Wire

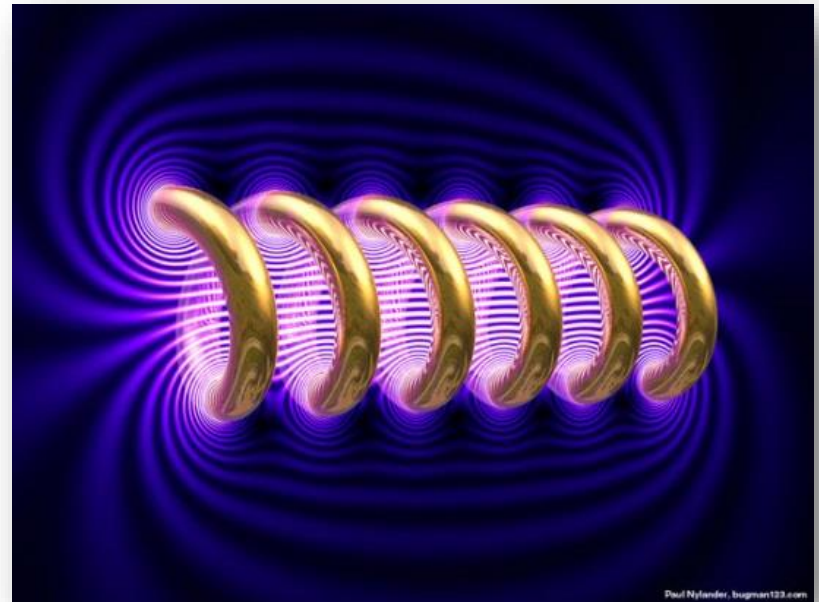
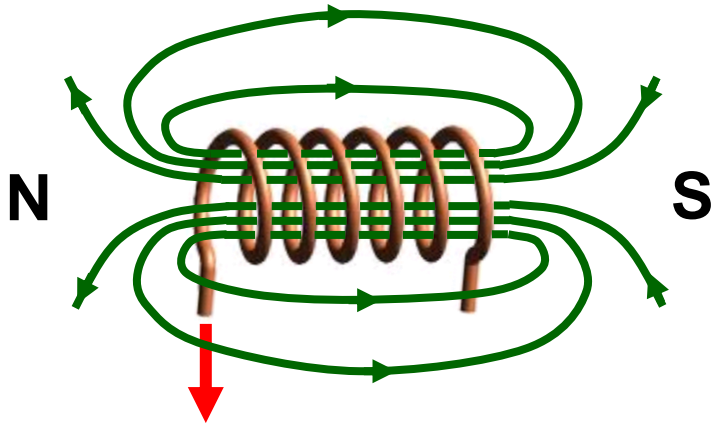
A wire in a loop has as stronger magnetic field inside the loop than outside...



# Creating an electromagnet



# Magnetic Field

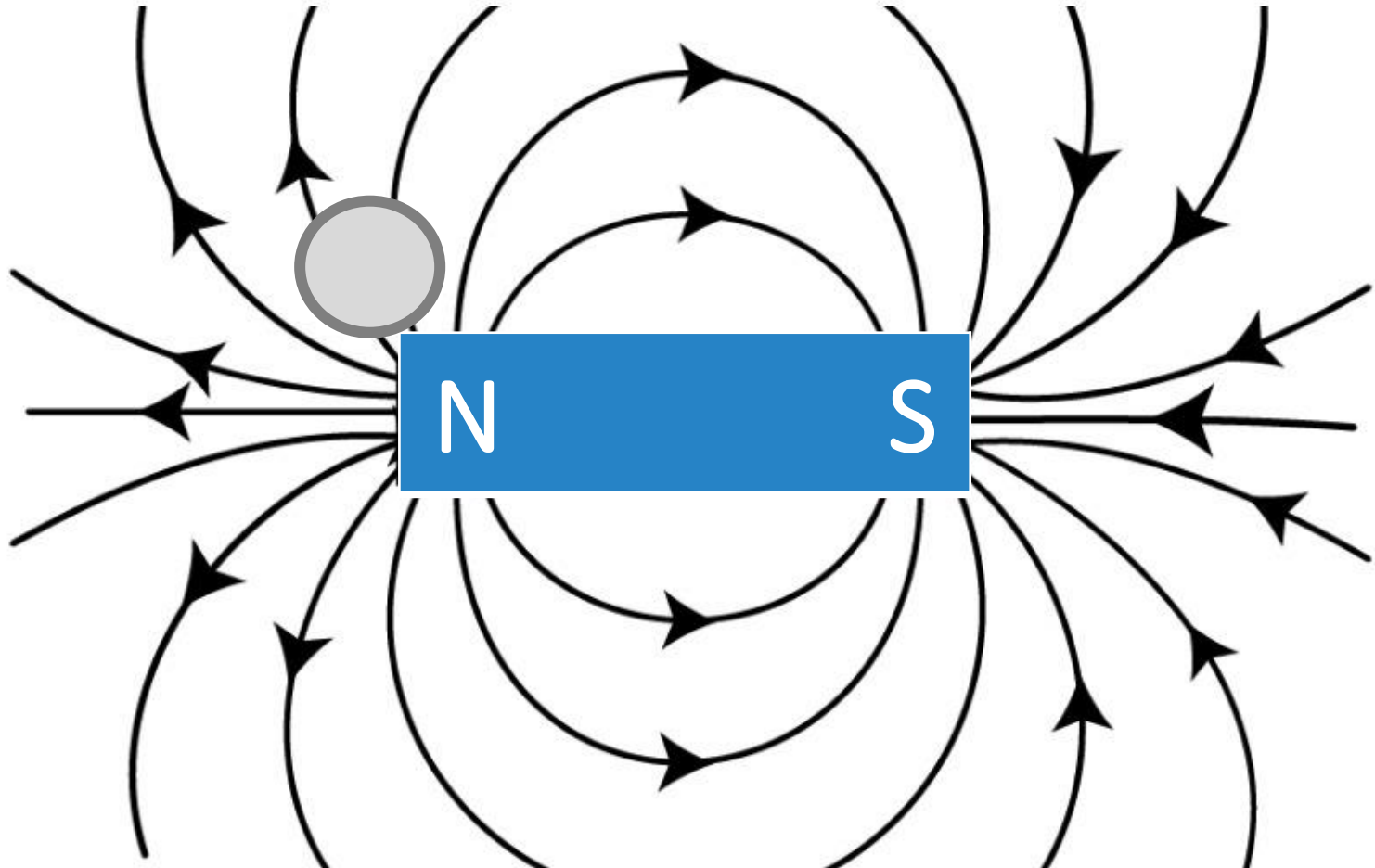


# Electromagnet Applications





# Draw in the Field Lines



# Build and Study Electromagnets

Explore what factors can be changed to increase the strength of an electromagnet

