## Motion

## IB Physics Content Guide

## Big Ideas

- Motion is described relative to a chosen coordinate system.
- Displacement-time, velocity-time, and accel-time graphs are connected in the representation of physical motion.
- When an object is at constant velocity, displacement-time is linear.
- When an object is at constant acceleration, displacement-time is quadratic (curved), and velocity-time is linear.
- Kinematic equations can take three of the suvat variables to solve for the remaining two
- Vector quantities can be combined to find resultant vectors or divided into their component parts
- $X$ and $Y$ motion are independent of each other for a two-dimensional projectile


## Content Objectives

1 - Units

| I can describe the difference between quantitative and qualitative observations |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I can identify the 7 Fundamental SI units |  |  |
| I can define and give an example of a derived unit |  |  |
| I can represent fractional units with negative exponents |  |  |
| I can convert metric units between prefixes |  |  |
| I can convert fraction units and exponential units using Dimensional Analysis |  |  |
| I can use dimensional analysis to verify a formula |  |  |
| I can use dimensional analysis to determine the units for a solution |  |  |
| I can represent large and small numbers using scientific notation |  |  |
| I can compare quantities by orders of magnitude |  |  |

## 2 - Displacement Graphs

| I can describe the difference between distance and displacement |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I can calculate distance and displacement for 1D motion |  |  |  |
| I can plot constant velocity on a displacement vs time graph |  |  |  |
| I can plot changing velocity on a displacement vs time graph |  |  |  |
| I can use a d vs $t$ graph to identify if an object is moving in the positive/negative/speeding/slowing |  |  |  |

## 3 - Velocity Graphs

| I can describe the difference between speed and velocity |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I can compare the difference between a vector and scalar quantity |  |  |  |
| I can plot constant velocity on a velocity vs time graph |  |  |  |
| I can plot changing velocity on a velocity vs time graph |  |  |  |
| I can use a v vs $t$ graph to identify if an object is moving in the positive/negative/speeding/slowing |  |  |  |
| I can define acceleration in terms of velocity |  |  |  |

## 4 - Calculating from Graphs

| I can use an equation to calculate average speed/velocity |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I can calculate instantaneous velocity using the slope of a displacement vs time graph |  |  |
| I can calculate instantaneous acceleration using the slope of a displacement vs time graph |  |  |
| I can calculate overall displacement using the area of a velocity vs time graph |  |  |

## 5 - The Kinematic Equations

| I can identify the 5 primary variables of accelerating motion (suvat) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I can identify the proper kinematic equation to use for a problem that is presented |  |  |
| I can rearrange to solve for the unknown variable |  |  |
| I can calculate for an unknown using the kinematic equations |  |  |

6 - Free Fall

| I can identify the constant acceleration due to gravity neglecting air resistance |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I can interpret a free fall problem to identify hidden values and understand |  |  |
| I can use the kinematic equations to solve free fall problems |  |  |
| I can experimentally determine the acceleration due to gravity |  |  |

## 7 - Horizontal Projectiles

| I can add and subtract vectors to find a resultant |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I can calculate an angle from two components of a right triangle |  |  |
| I can calculate the $x$ and y components of a vector given the magnitude and angle |  |  |
| I can identify hidden values for a horizontal projectile problem |  |  |
| I can use information about a horizontal projectile's motion to calculate the initial velocity |  |  |
| I can use the $x$ and $y$ velocity components to calculate a projectile's impact velocity and angle |  |  |

## 8 - Projectile Motion

| I can identify hidden values for a projectile launched at an angle |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I can calculate the $x$ and y components for an initial velocity at an angle |  |  |
| I can calculate max height for a projectile launched at angle |  |  |
| I can calculate distance traveled for a projectile launched at angle |  |  |
| I can calculate total air time for a projectile launched at angle |  |  |

## Motion

 Shelving GuideList the seven fundamental base units and their abbreviations:

|  | Unit | Abbreviation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Length |  |  |
| Mass |  |  |
| Time |  |  |
| Electric Current |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |
| Amount of Substance |  |  |
| Luminous Intensity |  |  |

Metric Prefixes - List the unit prefixes in their appropriate decimal position


## Dimensional Analysis

Convert the following:
$20 \mathrm{mi} \mathrm{hr}^{-1} \rightarrow \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$
$0.0007 \mathrm{~km}^{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

Determine the units for Q :

| $\mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{mc} \Delta \mathrm{T}$ | m (mass) | kg |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | c (specific heat) | $\mathrm{Jkg}^{-1} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$ |
|  | $\Delta T$ (change in temp) | K |


|  | Scalar | Vector |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| How far $(\mathrm{m})$ |  |  |
| How fast $\left(\mathrm{m} \mathrm{s}^{-1}\right)$ |  |  |


|  | Displacement vs Time | Velocity vs Time | Acceleration vs Time |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Meaning of the <br> Graph | Slope: | Slope: | Area under the Curve: |
| Constant <br> Displacement |  | Area under the Curve: |  |
| Constant <br> Positive <br> Velocity |  |  |  |
| Constant <br> Negative <br> Velocity |  |  |  |
| Constant <br> Positive |  |  |  |
| Acceleration <br> (speeding up) |  |  |  |
| Constant <br> Negative <br> Acceleration <br> slowing down) |  |  |  |


|  | Variable <br> Symbol | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Displacement |  |  |
| Initial Velocity |  |  |
| Final Velocity |  |  |
| Acceleration |  |  |
| Time |  |  |


| Kinematic Equations | s | u | v | a | t |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $v=u+a t$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $s=u t+\frac{1}{2} a t^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $v^{2}=u^{2}+2 a s$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $s=\frac{(v+u) t}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |


| Horizontal Component |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Vertical Component |  |  |


|  | Vertical | $\xrightarrow[u_{y}=]{u_{x}=}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| s |  |  |
| u |  |  |
| v |  |  |
| a |  |  |
| t |  |  |


|  | Vertical |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S |  |  |
| u |  |  |
| V |  |  |
| a |  |  |
| t |  |  |

